

Exploring Teacher Choice When Using an Instructionally Embedded Alternate Assessment System

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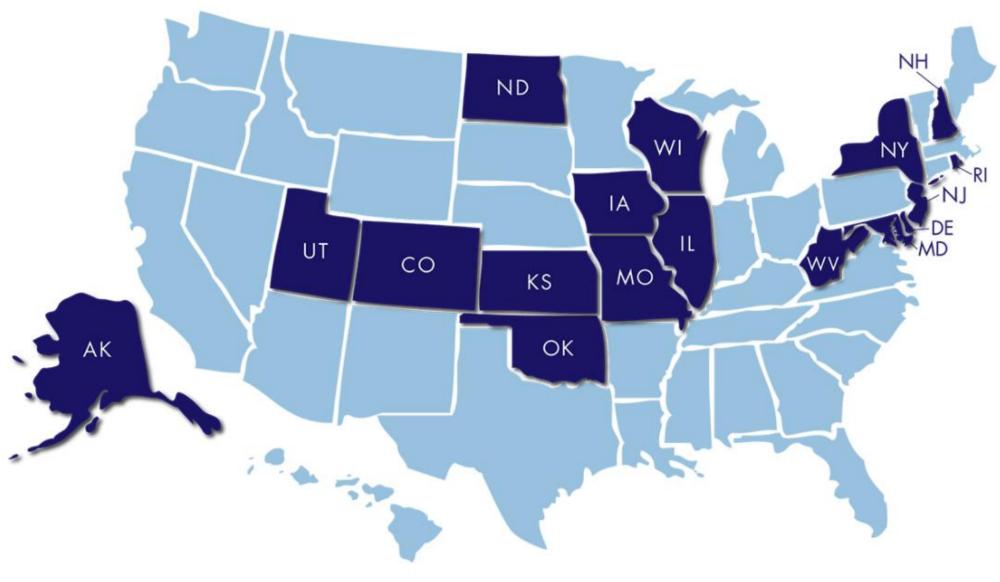




- Background on the assessment system
- Summary of teacher choice using instructionally embedded assessment during 2016-2017
- Discussion and implications









ASSESSMENT OVERVIEW





- DLM assessments are for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities in grades 3-8 and high school
- Five states participated in the integrated model blueprint in 2017
 - Provides summative results based on testing conducted throughout the year for English language arts and mathematics





- Instructionally embedded assessment is designed to occur alongside instruction and inform subsequent instructional decision making
- Designed to support teacher flexibility in selection and administration of content, level, and frequency based on individual student needs and IEP goals

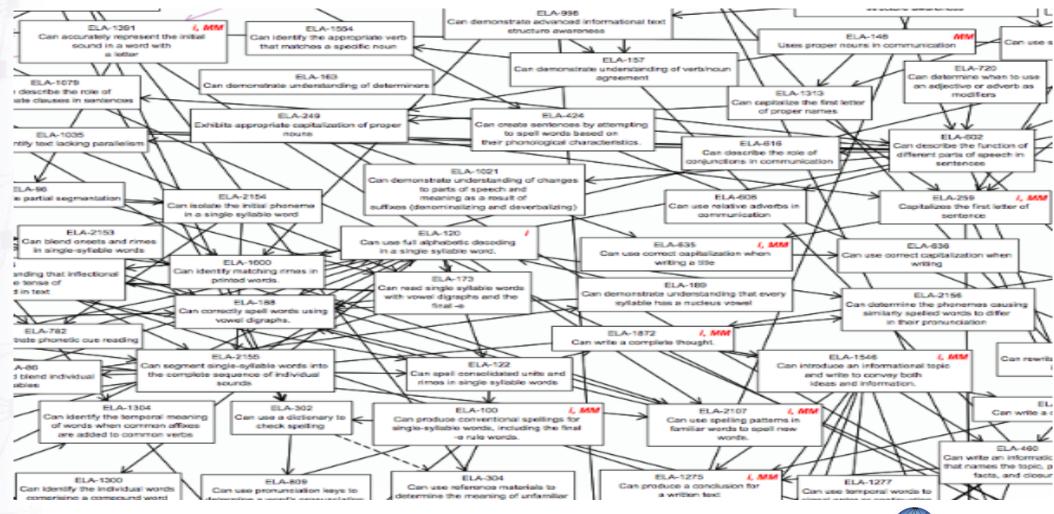




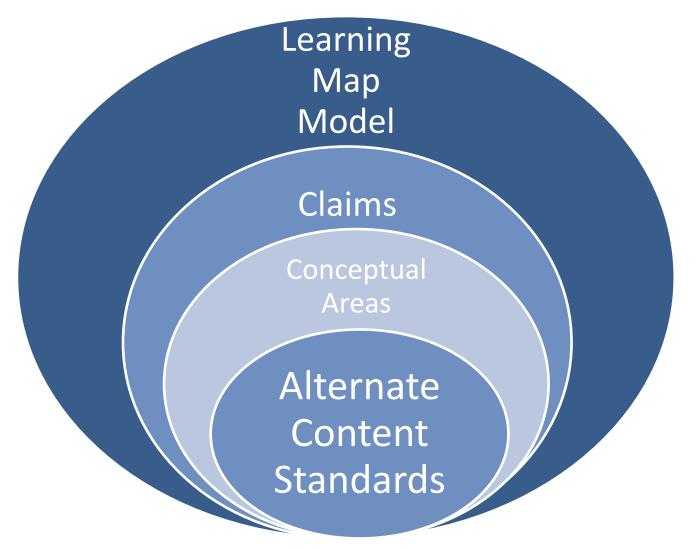
- Basis of assessment is underlying learning map model
- Learning map model depicts skills to be measured and the connections between them



A Portion of a DLM Map



Claims and Conceptual Areas for ELA and Math





DLM Content Standards: Essential Elements

- Are the target for the grade level
- Reduced depth, breadth, complexity
- Provide appropriate level of rigor and challenge
- Focus on the skills (with multiple means of demonstration)
- Are <u>not</u> functional or pre-K skills or instructional descriptions



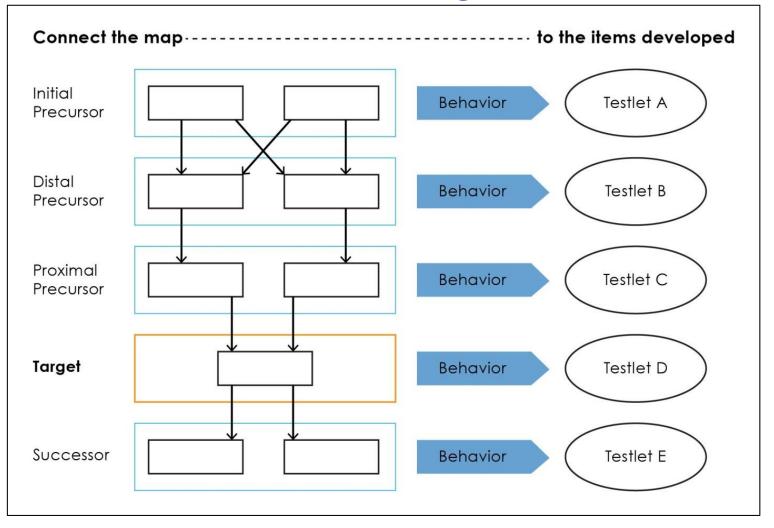


- Initial Precursor
 - Foundational nodes, normally intended for students who do not yet have symbolic communication
- Distal Precursor
- Proximal Precursor
- Target
- Successor





Testlets in Linkage Levels





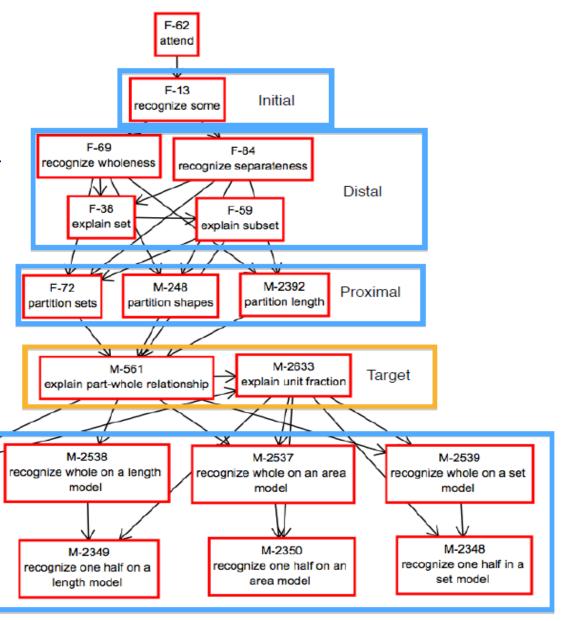
Fractions

M.EE.3.NF1-3
Differentiate a
fractional part from a
whole

M-2411

recognize fraction

Successor







Assessments at Different Levels

ELA.EE.RI.6.4 Determine how word choice changes the meaning of a text.

Initial Precursor:

 Can demonstrate a receptive understanding of the property words that describe the objects that accompany familiar games or routines

Distal Precursor:

 Can demonstrate an understanding of words with opposite meaning (e.g., cold, hot, up, down)

Proximal Precursor:

 Can understanding that words might have a slightly different meaning or use depending on the specific context in which they are used

Target:

 Can ascertain how the meaning of an informational text is altered by the specific word choices the author makes

Successor:

 Can determine how word choice in an informational text is used to persuade or inform





Example for English Language Arts

College & Career Ready Standard

 RL.6.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

Essential Element

 EE.RL.6.2 Determine the theme or central idea of a familiar story and identify details that relate to it.





Example of Fourth Grade Mathematics

College and Career Readiness Standard

4.MD.5. Recognize angles as geometric shapes that are formed wherever two rays share a common endpoint, and understand concepts of angle measurement:

- An angle is measured with reference to a circle with its center at the common endpoint of the rays, by considering the fraction of the circular arc between the points where the two rays intersect the circle. An angle that turns through 1/360 of a circle is called a "one-degree angle," and can be used to measure angles...

Essential Element

EE.4.MD.5. Recognize angles in geometric shapes.



Blueprint

- Flexible design is intended to allow teachers to assess students at a frequency and level that best meets their students' needs, IEP goals, etc.
- Standards are organized within Claims and Conceptual Areas of similar content
- The blueprint specifies content standards available and guidelines for selection for each grade and subject
 - e.g. Choose 3 standards within Conceptual Area 1.1



Sample Blueprint

Grade 3: Available Essential Elements and minimum expectation for each student's assessment

Conceptual Area	EE	DESCRIPTION			
ELA.C1.1	Choose at least three EEs, including at least one RL and one RI.				
	EE.RL.3.1	Answer who and what questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text.			
	EE.RL.3.2	Associate details with events in stories from diverse cultures.			
	EE.RL.3.3	Identify the feelings of characters in a story.			
	EE.RL.3.5	Determine the beginning, middle, and end of a familiar story with a logical order.			
	EE.RI.3.1	Answer who and what questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text.			
	EE.RI.3.2	Identify details in a text.			
	EE.RI.3.3	Order two events from a text as "first" and "next".			
	EE.RI.3.5	With guidance and support, use text features including headings and key words to locate information in a			
		text.			
ELA.C1.2	Choose two EEs in C1.2 (L, RL or RI) – EEs must be from different strands, i.e. RL and L, not RL and RL.				
	EE.RL.3.4	Determine words and phrases that complete literal sentences in a text.			
	EE.RI.3.4	Determine words and phrases that complete literal sentences in a text.			
	EE.RI.3.8	Identify two related points the author makes in an informational text.			
	EE.L.3.5.a	Determine the literal meaning of words and phrases in context.			
	EE.L.3.5.c	Identify words that describe personal emotional states.			
ELA.C1.3	Choose at least one EE (RL or RI).				
No.	EE.RL.3.9	Identify common elements in two stories in a series.			
	EE.RI.3.9	Identify similarities between two texts on the same topic.			
ELA.C2.1	All students are assessed in both of these EEs through the writing assessment. In ITI, choose one Conventional EE or one				
	Emergent EE. See Writing Testlet FAQ for more detail.				
	EE.W.3.2.a	Select a topic and write about it including one fact or detail.			
4	EE.W.3.4	With guidance and support produce writing that expresses more than one idea.			

Creation of Instructional Plans

- Teachers create instructional plans using an online system
- They select the standard and level at which they want to instruct and assess the student
- Assessments are available at the five levels for each content standard
 - Administered following instruction





Process for Using Instructionally Embedded Assessments

Choose standards/ levels Create & save instructional plan

Provide instruction

Confirm plan

Assess



Testlet Specifics

- Blueprint coverage typically requires between 6-8 testlets in ELA and math depending on the subject and grade during the instructionally embedded assessment window
 - Teachers can choose to assess beyond the number required
- Testlets include an engagement activity followed by ≈3-5 items measuring the selected standard and level





- Preliminary results from instructionally embedded assessments are summarized in progress reports that are available on-demand during the testing window
- Report indicates standards (EEs) and levels for which assessments are planned, attempted, and mastered
 - Teachers can use for subsequent planning and instructional decision-making



Individual Student Progress Report



Year: 2015

ID: 59845

Grade: Grade 5

Name: First59845 Last59845 School: Blue River Elementary

Subject: English Language Arts District: Blue Valley SomethingLongName For Testing

Report Date: October 05, 2015 State: Kansas

First59845's current performance in Grade 5 English Language Arts Essential Elements is summarized below. This information is based on all of the Dynamic Learning Maps tests taken between the beginning of the school year and October 05, 2015. The target level is the grade level expectation for students to have proficient understanding of and ability to apply the Essential Element.

This report does not show progress on all of First59845's instructional goals. First59845 may be taught other academic concepts that have not yet been tested. This report does not show progress on IEP goals.

	Claim: ELA.C2	Conceptual Are	ea: ELA.C2.1 - Use writi	ng to communicate	
Grade Level Expectation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
ELA.EE.CW.5.T				introduces topic and writes	
Conventional Writing				related information	
				Assessed: 02/26	

Claim: ELA.C1		Conceptual Area: ELA.C1.2 - Construct understandings of text			
Grade Level Expectation		Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
ELA.EE.L.5.5.c	identify familiar people, objects,	identify descriptive words	identify words with opposite	understand similar word	identification of similar meaning
Demonstrate understanding of	places, events		meanings	meanings	words
words that have similar meanings.				Planned	
ELA.EE.RI.5.2	identify familiar people, objects,	identify illustrations for familiar		identify implicit main idea and	identify implicit main idea and
Identify the main idea of a text	places, events	text	informational text	supporting details	supporting details
when it is not explicitly stated.				Mastered: 02/25	
ELA.EE.RL.5.2	identify familiar people, objects,	identify character actions	identify character's actions and		identify specific theme of a
Identify the central idea or theme of	places, events		the consequences	story and apt details	story and apt details
a story, drama or poem.				Mastered: 02/25	

Claim: ELA.C1		Conceptual Area:			
Grade Level Expectation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
ELA.EE.RI.5.1 Identify words in the text to answer a question about explicit information.		familiar text	identify/answer questions about concrete details Attempted: 12/12		use details to identify explicit information

TEACHER CHOICE WITHIN THE SYSTEM





- 1. When to administer testlets
- 2. Level of testlet assigned for each content standard
- Which alternate content standards teachers tend to choose from among those available on the blueprints
- 4. Whether to assess the same student on the same standard more than once





- 13,334 students with significant cognitive disabilities from 5 states
- 4,241 teachers created instructional plans and administered testlets
- Total of 201,348 testlets were administered during 2016-2017 instructionally embedded testing
- Optional teacher survey following spring 2017 administration

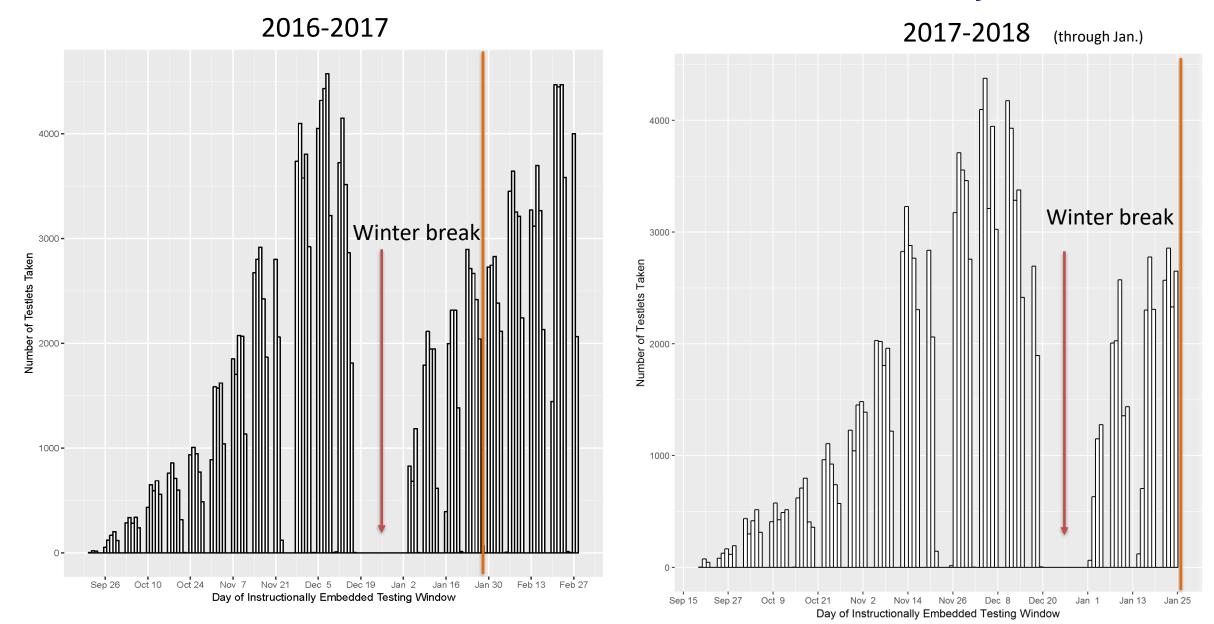


Testlet Administration During Window

- The 2016-2017 instructionally embedded window was available from September through February for teachers to administer assessments covering the full blueprint
 - 2017-2018 open from September
- Teachers have choice of when and how frequently to assess their students within that time period to cover blueprint requirements and inform instruction



Number of Tests Administered by Week



Teacher Adjustment of Testlet Level

- Prior to testing, all teachers complete a survey about each student
- Responses to items in ELA, math, and expressive communication are used to calculate a complexity band for each content area
- Four total complexity bands:
 - Foundational, Band 1, Band 2, Band 3
 - Serves as loose heuristic for severity of disability





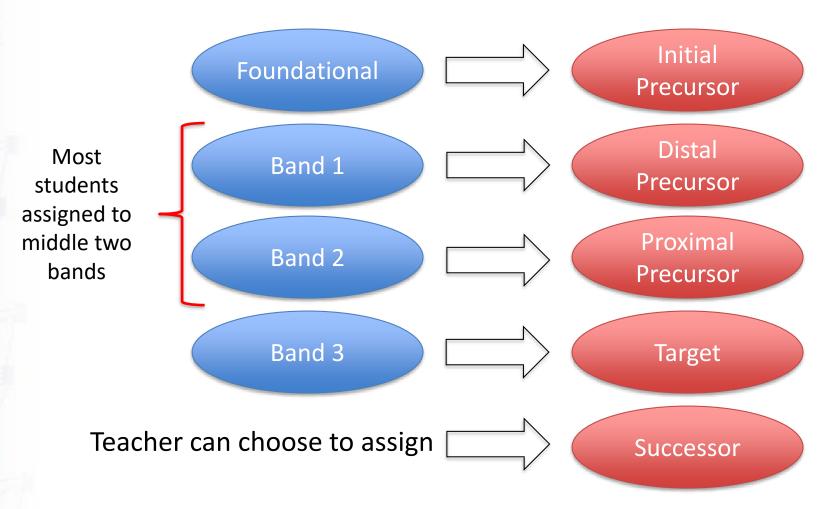
Student Complexity Band

	English Language Arts		Mathematics	
Band	n	%	n	%
Foundational	2,057	15.4	2,146	16.1
Band 1	4,649	34.9	4,958	37.2
Band 2	5,035	37.8	5,182	38.9
Band 3	1,586	11.9	1,041	7.8

Most students assigned to middle two bands



Correspondence of Complexity Bands to System-Recommended Linkage Level



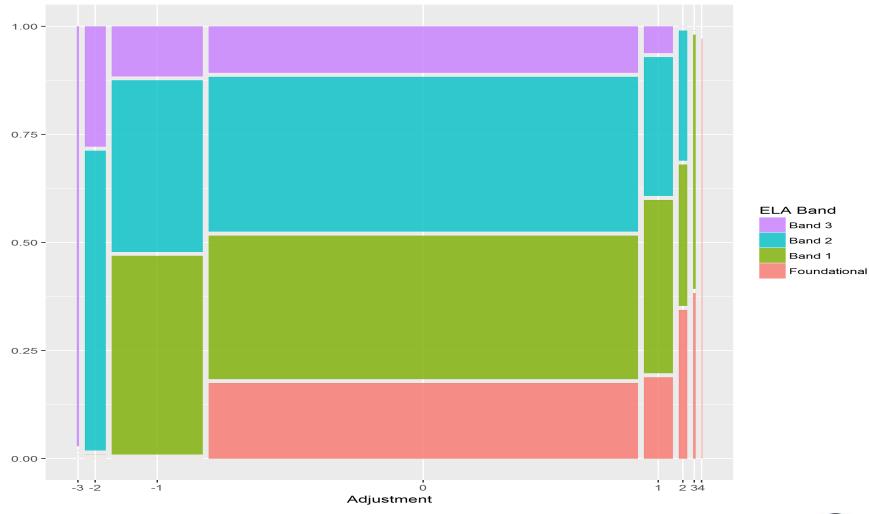


Testlet Level

- System recommends level based on the student's complexity band
- Teacher can choose to use recommendation or adjust the tested level when creating the instructional plan for each alternate content standard
- Teachers may choose to adjust for a number of reasons
 - e.g., additional evidence for specific standard, IEP goals

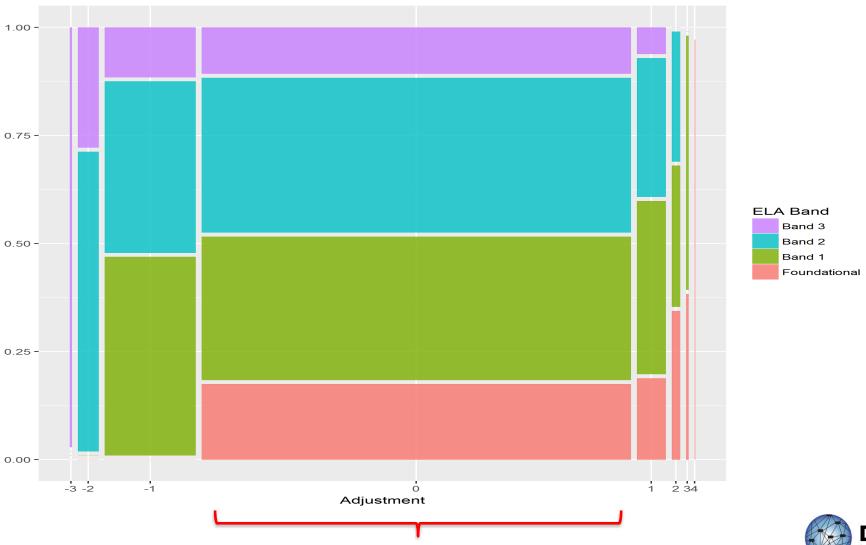


ELA Adjustment from System





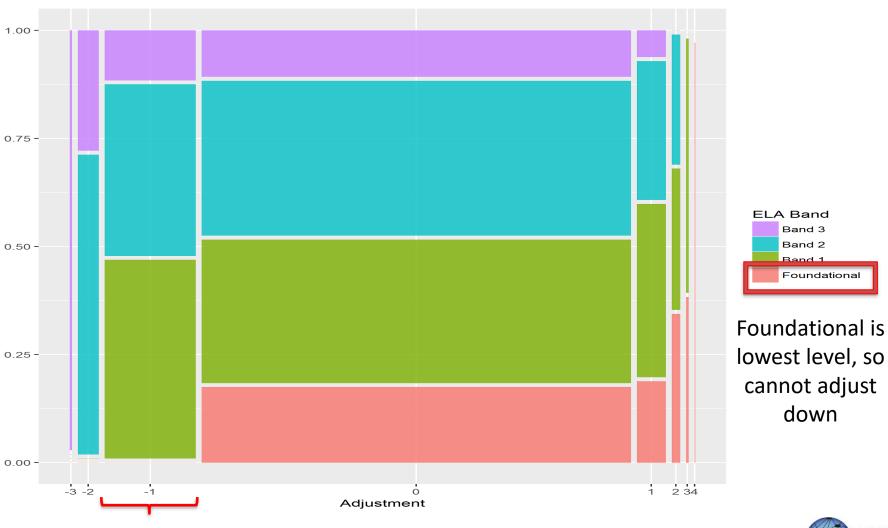
ELA Adjustment from System



For most testlets (75%), no adjustment made from recommended level



ELA Adjustment from System







Testlets Administered at Each Linkage Level

Linkage Level	n	%
Initial Precursor	49,502	24.6
Distal Precursor	68,533	34.0
Proximal Precursor	62,795	31.2
Target	18,876	9.4
Successor	1,642	0.8

Most testlets administered at lowest three levels



Teacher Flexibility in Content Selection

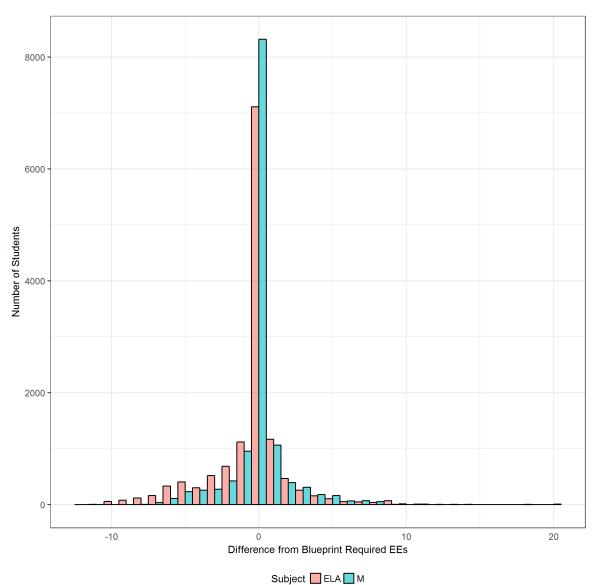
- Blueprint incorporates flexibility so that instruction and assessment occur in areas most relevant to the student's instructional plan and IEP goals
- Teachers make choices within requirements
 - e.g. Choose 3 EEs within Conceptual Area 1.1



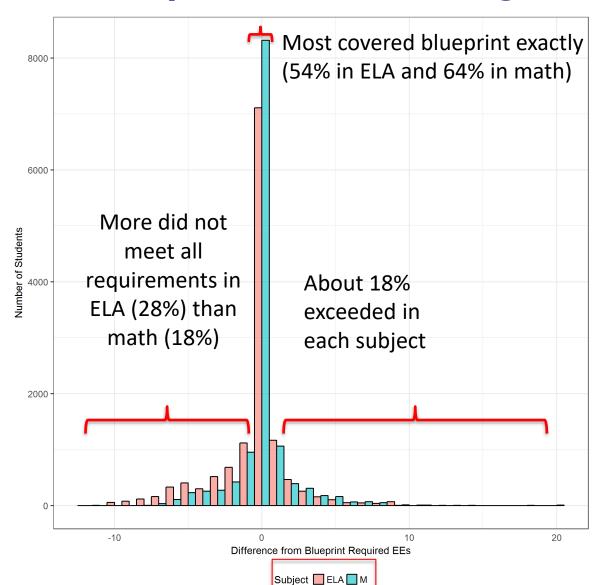
- Can evaluate extent student met exactly, exceeded, or did not meet number of required standards
 - May not meet due to external circumstances
 - e.g., extended absence
 - May exceed due to intentional instructional practice or not understanding the blueprint
- Implications for
 - fidelity of implementation
 - teacher professional development and resources



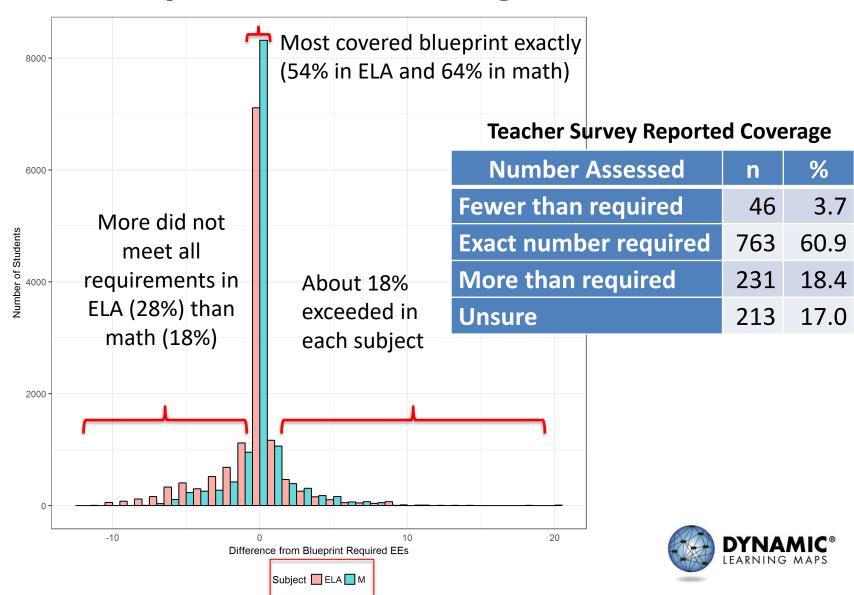












Statement	n	%
Followed the directions on the printed blueprint	596	45.2
Meeting state or local requirements for testing	533	40.4
To assess what student knew across whole subject	255	19.3
To give student more opportunities to show his or her knowledge	241	18.3
Student had instructional goals beyond blueprint requirements.	225	17.1
To give student opportunities to practice taking tests	190	14.4
Student had many absences and/or health issues	55	4.2
Student asked to take more tests.	14	1.1



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Since most students met requirements exactly, expected finding



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Some indication for why teachers exceeded requirements



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55	4.2
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	596 533 255 241 225 190 55

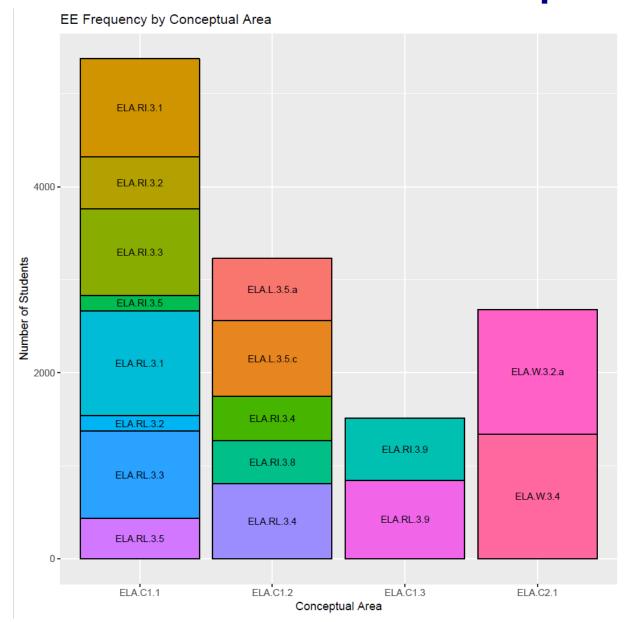
Not an intended use, may need to provide additional direction



Teacher Flexibility in Content Selection

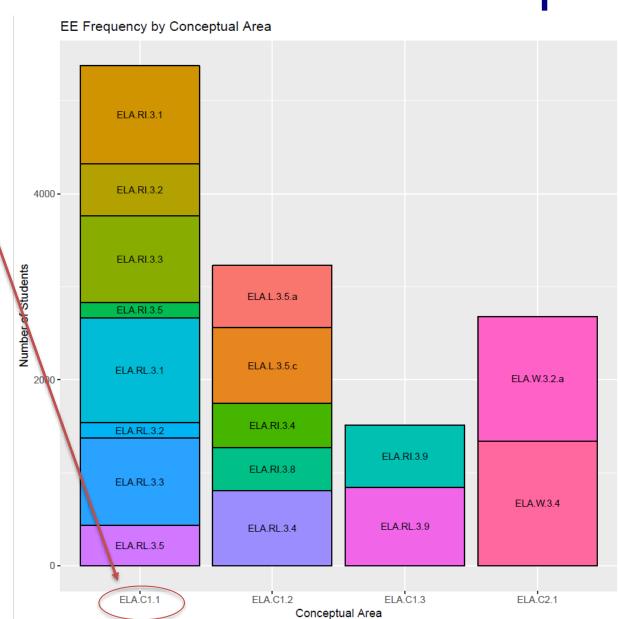
- Also interested in which standards teachers actually choose to instruct and assess
- Some standards may be commonly chosen while others may rarely be chosen
 - Implications for students' opportunity to learn and teacher resources for supporting instruction (e.g., in instances where teachers may need additional support)





C1.1 - Determine critical elements of text

Criterion: Choose ≥3 EEs, including at least one RL and one RI.



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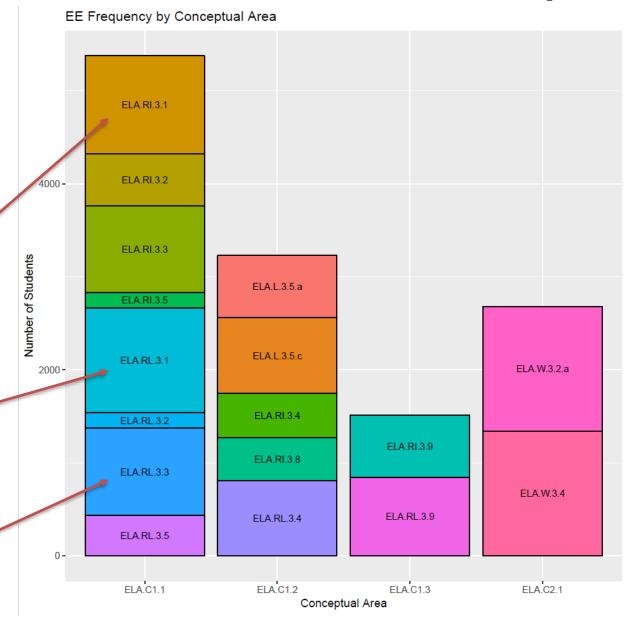
Criterion: Choose ≥3 EEs, including at least one RL and one RI.

Most Common:

RI.3.1 - Answer **who** and **what** questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text.

RL.3.1 - Answer **who** and **what** questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a story.

RL.3.3 - Identify the **feelings** of characters in a story.



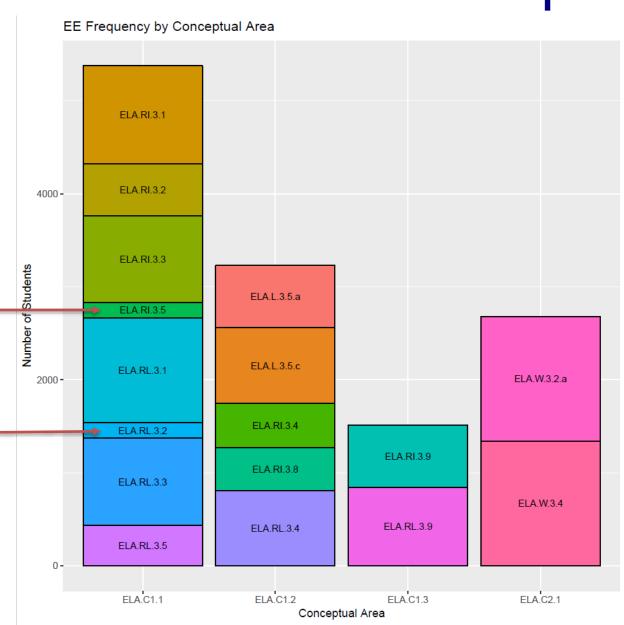
C1.1 - Determine critical elements of text

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Least Common:

RI.3.5 - With guidance and support, use text features including headings and key words to **locate information** in a text.

RL.3.2 - **Identify details** in a story.



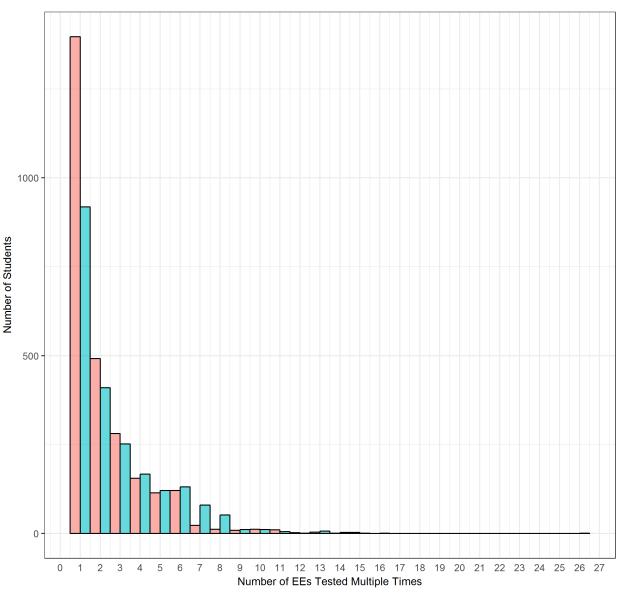
Testing Same Standard Multiple Times

- As instruction occurs, teachers can choose to create additional instructional plans to re-assess the content standard
 - Can be at same linkage level or a different linkage level
- Gets at idea of depth of instruction (versus breadth)





Given that a particular EE was tested on more than once, 90% of students tested on it twice. Most students tested on only one EE more than once.









- About 20% of students tested on more than one linkage level within a single content standard
- Of students who assessed the same standard at more than one linkage level, most assessed at two different linkage levels
 - However, in 23 instances across all students and standards (0.01%), the students tested on all five linkage levels within the standard
 - Likely an indication of a need for clarification on intended use of system



Frequency of Level Assessed More Than Once Across All Students and Standards

2.5% of the time, student tested on the same linkage level for the standard more than once

(e.g., teacher may have provided additional instruction and re-assessed with different testlet)

Linkage Level	n	%
Initial Precursor	1,182	23.5
Distal Precursor	1,641	32.6
Proximal Precursor	1,569	31.2
Target	633	12.6
Successor	7	0.1



Teacher Responses for Same Standard Multiple Times

Statement	n	%
Meeting state or local requirements for testing (separate from	340	92.6
DLM)		
To see if additional instruction on skill was effective	207	56.4
Tested once to establish a baseline and again after instruction	170	46.3
To give student more opportunities to show his or her knowledge	169	46.0
Student needed more practice in a given skill	125	34.1
To give student opportunities to practice taking tests	115	31.3
To show student's growth due to improvement after testing	80	21.8
First testlet did not match student's skills so a new linkage level	71	19.3
was selected		
Student asked to take more tests	11	3.0



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Expected uses of the system



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Unintended uses of the system



DISCUSSION



Summary of Results

- Most students meet minimum expectation for content coverage
- Teachers generally do not override system recommendations
 - System appears to assign testlets at the level that balances challenge and access
- Testing >1 time, or broader than minimum requirement, does not occur that often
 - Teachers may still use system to meet testing requirements (legislative mandate) rather than to inform instruction



Implications for Fidelity

- Expectation for some minimum threshold of use (e.g., full blueprint coverage)
- To fulfill goal of informing instruction, ranges of actions are possible
 - Retesting on a standard, if time lapse between tests and instruction occurred
 - Testing fewer testlets in more weeks vs. in shorter, focused time blocks - may also be guided by state policies
- What actions are outside the likely bounds of useful assessment?
 - E.g., test on all standards and levels in a short time period



Supports for Teachers Using IEAs

Using IEAs

- Required training
- Two videos
- State-developed guidance (e.g., pacing, which standards to assess when, feedback to districts with unusual patterns) with input from advisory team
- PLC time

Instruction aligned to the standards

- DLM PD modules
- Related resources
 - E.g., core vocabulary, IP/DP descriptions
- State-created resources (e.g., blueprint monitoring forms)
- Facebook page
- Instructional information after each plan is created
 - Current vs future



Supporting Teachers: Potential Next Steps

- Tailoring resources to teacher's implementation patterns
 - What IEAs are (and are not)
 - How IEAs fit with other ways of assessing
 - How to know when to test
 - Assessing within a cycle
 - Instruction to support conceptual development, not discrete skills
- Instructional activities in science
 - Applying lessons learned to ELA and math





- Is there a relationship between use of the instructionally embedded assessment system and students' summative assessment results?
- Teacher survey feedback on choices made during instructionally embedded assessment, how progress reports were used to inform instruction
- Defining a measure of implementation fidelity
- Looking at within-student and within-teacher experience for testlet administration





Questions?





THANK YOU!

For more information, please visit dynamiclearningmaps.org

