

Mini-Map for M.EE.7.G.1 Subject: Mathematics Geometry (G) Grade: 7

Learning Outcome

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard
M.EE.7.G.1 Match two similar geometric shapes that are proportional in size and have the same orientation.	M.7.G.1 Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including computing actual lengths and areas from a
	scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different
	scale.

Linkage Level Descriptions

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
Show interest in and	Recognize "same" as	Match two 2-	Match two 2-	Match two 2-
focused attention to a	the object that shares	dimensional or 3-	dimensional or 3-	dimensional or 3-
task, object, or any	all of the same	dimenisional shapes	dimensional shapes	dimensional shapes
environment stimulus.	attributes as other	(e.g., squares,	(e.g., squares,	(e.g., squares,
Notice or pay attention	objects in a group.	rectangles, circles,	rectangles, circles,	rectangles, circles,
to a new stimuli (e.g.,	Recognize "different" as	spheres, rectangular	spheres, rectangular	spheres, rectangular
object, task, sound)	the object that shares	prisms, cubes,	prisms, cubes,	prisms, cubes,
introduced in the	some or none of the	pyramids) that are the	pyramids) that are	pyramids) that are
environment. (Students	attributes as other	same size and same	different sizes and the	different sizes and
may use the methods of	objects in a group.	orientation.	same orientation.	different orientations.
eye gaze, pointing, etc.				
to show they have				
noticed the new				
stimuli.)				

Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target? In order to match two- and three-dimensional shapes, students must first begin by learning to attend to people and objects when they are present. In the context of this EE, educators should work on attending while interacting with shapes. As students' attention to people, objects, and shapes increases, the educator draws the students' attention to new objects or stimuli, labels them (e.g., "these are two red cubes and two blue cubes", or "you have two fidgets; one is big and one is small but they are both fidgets"), and the student observes, feels, or otherwise interacts with it. Educators encourage students to begin placing like objects together, drawing attention to the characteristics that make an item the same or different.

How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

At this level, educators will encourage students to begin placing like objects together, drawing attention to the characteristics that make an item the same or different and using the core vocabulary to demonstrate the words same and different.

Instructional Resources

Released Testlets
See the Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets.
Using Untested (UN) Nodes



M.EE.7.G.1 Match two similar geometric shapes that are proportional in size and have the same orientation.

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IP	Initial Precursor
DP	Distal Precursor
PP	Proximal Precursor
Т	Target
S	Successor
UN	Untested
Boxes indicate tested nodes	