

Mini-Map for M.EE.6.NS.3

Subject: Mathematics

The Number System (NS)

Grade: 6

Learning Outcome

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard	
M.EE.6.NS.3 Solve two-factor multiplication problems with	M.6.NS.3 Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit	
products up to 50 using concrete objects and/or a calculator.	decimals using the standard algorithm for each operation.	

Linkage Level Descriptions

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
Communicate	Represent repeated	Demonstrate	Multiply numbers up to	Divide a number (up to
understanding of	addition problems in	multiplication by	12 by factors 1 to 5,	12) by one, two, three,
"separateness" by	the form of an	combining multiple sets	using manipulatives or	four, or five, and
recognizing objects that	equation, including	containing the same	repeated addition (e.g.,	determine the quotient
are not joined together.	displaying the addition	number of objects.	multiply 3 x 5 by adding	using diagrams or
Communicate	of the same numeral	Communicate	5 + 5 + 5 = 15).	manipulatives.
understanding of set by	more than twice (e.g., 3	understanding that the		Communicate
recognizing a group of	+3+3+3) and finding	number of sets times		understanding that the
objects sharing an	the sum by adding the	the number of objects		number of groups times
attribute. Communicate	same number a certain	in each set equals the		the number of objects
understanding of a	number of times (e.g., 3	total number of objects.		in each group equals
subset by recognizing a	+ 3 + 3 + 3 = 12).			the total number of
subset as a set or group	Communicate			objects (multiplication)
of objects within a	understanding of			and that the total
larger set that share an	repeated addition as			number of objects
attribute.	adding the same			divided by the number
	addend a given number			of groups equals the
	of times (e.g., in the			number of objects in
	repeated addition			each group (division).
	equation 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =			

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
	12, the addend 3 is			
	added four times).			

Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target?

In order to solve multiplication problems, students must learn to organize items into groups/sets based on a common characteristic such as size, color, shape, or texture. Students learn how to sort items by separating a group of items into two groups (e.g., music I like/music I don't like; red fidgets/black fidgets). As students gain comfort sorting items into sets, they are encouraged to communicate their thought process by identifying and naming the characteristic that determines the set (e.g., color, length). Activities that require students to engage actively with the items will foster understanding of set, subsets, and separateness.

How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

As students' understanding of labeling and counting sets develops, they will begin working on adding items to a set and combining sets to create a new set. Additionally, students will work on developing an understanding of equal shares by actively participating in one-to-one distribution of objects to person, objects to objects, and objects to available space (e.g., giving each person in the group two pencils; given four counters, they would line up four more counters in front of or on top of the first set; given three chairs at a table, the student would place a cup on the table for each available chair). As students learn to work with sets and connect their understanding of equal shares to sets, educators will provide students experience with combining multiple sets (e.g., 3 sets with 4 counters each) and represent the problem (e.g., 4 + 4 + 4 = ?). Students will also learn to represent the problem in writing (e.g., the student is shown 4 equal sets each with 2 counters. The student counts the first set and writes a 2 or indicates 2, then writes or indicates the plus sign. The student repeats for all 4 sets and then indicates the equal sign and solves the problem.).

Instructional Resources

Released Testlets

See the Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets.

Using Untested (UN) Nodes

See the document Using Mini-Maps to Plan Instruction.

Link to Text-Only Map

M.EE.6.NS.3 Solve two-factor multiplication problems with products up to 50 using concrete objects and/or a calculator.

