

General DLM Science Phase I Blueprint Elementary, Middle, and High School General Science

In this document, the "blueprint" refers to the range of Essential Elements (EEs) that will be assessed during Phase I of the Dynamic Learning Maps® (DLM®) Science project. The Science EEs are arranged into the three domains, ten core ideas, and sixteen topics shown in the table below. States will assess fifteen topics as part of their assessment. The specific fifteen topics assessed is based on a state's selection of either the general high school assessment or the HS Biology assessment.

Domains, Core Ideas, and Topics in Science

Domain	Core Idea	Topic				
Dhysical	PS1: Matter and Its Interactions	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter				
	PS2: Motion and Stability:	PS2.A: Forces and Motion				
Physical	Forces and Interactions	PS2.B: Types of Interactions				
	DC2. Energy	PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer				
	PS3: Energy	PS3.D: Energy in Chemical Processes and Everyday Life				
	LS1: From Molecules to	LS1.A: Structure and Function				
	Organisms: Structure and	LS1.B: Growth and Development of Organisms				
	Processes	LS1.C: Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms				
	LS2: Ecosystems:	LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems				
Life	Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics					
	LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	LS3.B: Variation of Traits				
	LS4: Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity	LS4.C: Adaptation				
Earth	ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe	ESS1.B: Earth and the Solar System				
	ECC2. Fouth's Customes	ESS2.A: Earth Materials and Systems				
and	ESS2: Earth's Systems	ESS2.D: Weather and Climate				
Space	ESS3: Earth and Human	ESS3.A: Natural Resources				
	Activity	ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems				

Coverage of topics is summarized for each grade span in the following table.

Number of Essential Elements per Topic Assessed in Each Grade Span by Domain

Cuada		Tatal					
Grade	PS1.A	PS2.A	PS2.B	PS3.B	PS3.D	Total	
Elementary	2		1		1	4	
Middle School	1	1		1		3	
High School	1	1		1		3	

Cuada	Life Science Topics						
Grade	LS1.A	LS1.B	LS1.C	LS2.A	LS3.B	LS4.C	Total
Elementary			1	1			2
Middle School	1	1		1			3
High School	1			1		1	3

Crada		Total					
Grade	ESS1.B	ESS2.A	ESS2.D	ESS3.A	ESS3.C	Total	
Elementary	1	1			1	3	
Middle School		1	1		1	3	
High School	1			1	1	3	

In the pages that follow, the specific EEs assessed in each grade span are listed in tables.

Elementary (Grades 3 – 5): Essential Elements Assessed

		. Essential Elements Assessed			
Topic	EE	Description			
PS1.A					
	EE.5.PS1-2	Measure and compare weights of substances before and after heating, cooling, or mixing substances to show that weight of matter is conserved.			
	EE.5.PS1-3	Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties (e.g., weight, shape, texture, buoyancy, color, or magnetism).			
PS2.B					
	EE.5.PS2-1	Demonstrate that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed down.			
PS3.D					
	EE.5.PS3-1	Create a model to describe that energy in animals' food was once energy from the Sun.			
LS1.C					
	EE.5.LS1-1	Provide evidence that plants need air and water to grow.			
LS2.A					
	EE.5.LS2-1	Create a model to show the movement of matter (e.g., plant growth, eating, composting) through living things.			
ESS1.B					
	EE.5.ESS1-2	Represent and interpret data on a picture, line, or bar graph to show seasonal patterns in the length of daylight hours.			
ESS2.A					
	EE.5.ESS2-1	Develop a model showing how water (hydrosphere) affects the living things (biosphere) found in a region.			
ESS3.C					
	EE.5.ESS3-1	Use information to describe how people can help protect the Earth's resources and how that affects the environment.			

Middle School (Grades 6 – 8): Essential Elements Assessed

Topic	EE	Description
PS1.A		
	EE.MS.PS1-2	Interpret and analyze data on the properties (e.g., color, texture, odor, and state of matter) of substances before and after chemical changes have occurred (e.g., burning sugar or burning steel wool, rust, effervescent tablets).
PS2.A		
	EE.MS.PS2-2	Investigate and predict the change in motion of objects based on the forces acting on those objects.
PS3.B		
	EE.MS.PS3-3	Test and refine a device (e.g., foam cup, insulated box, or thermos) to either minimize or maximize thermal energy transfer (e.g., keeping liquids hot or cold, preventing liquids from freezing, keeping hands warm in cold temperatures).
LS1.A		
	EE.MS.LS1-3	Make a claim about how a structure (e.g., organs and organ systems) and its related function supports survival of animals (circulatory, digestive, and respiratory systems).
LS1.B		
	EE.MS.LS1-5	Interpret data to show that environmental resources (e.g., food, light, space, water) influence growth of organisms (e.g., drought decreasing plant growth, fertilizer increasing plant growth, different varieties of plant seeds growing at different rates in different conditions, fish growing larger in large ponds than small ponds).
LS2.A		
	EE.MS.LS2-2	Use models of food chains/webs to identify producers and consumers in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems.
ESS2.A		
	EE.MS.ESS2-2	Explain how geoscience processes that occur daily (e.g., wind, rain, runoff) slowly change the surface of Earth, while catastrophic events (e.g., earthquakes, tornadoes, floods) can quickly change the surface of Earth.
ESS2.D		
	EE.MS.ESS2-6	Interpret basic weather information (e.g., radar, map) to make predictions about future conditions (e.g., precipitation, temperature, wind).
ESS3.C		
	EE.MS.ESS3-3	Develop a plan to monitor and minimize a human impact on the local environment (e.g., water, land, pollution).

High School (Grades 9 – 12): Essential Elements Assessed

Topic	EE	Description
PS1.A		
	EE.HS.PS1-2	Make a claim supported by evidence to explain patterns of chemical properties that occur in a substance during a common chemical reaction (e.g., baking soda and vinegar).
PS2.A		
	EE.HS.PS2-3	Evaluate the effectiveness of safety devices and design a solution that could minimize the force of a collision.
PS3.B		
	EE.HS.PS3-4	Investigate and predict the temperatures of two liquids before and after combining to show uniform energy distribution.
LS1.A		
	EE.HS.LS1-2	Use a model to illustrate the organization and interaction of major organs into systems (e.g., circulatory, respiratory, digestive, sensory) in the body to provide specific functions.
LS2.A		
	EE.HS.LS2-2	Use a graphical representation to explain the dependence of an animal population on other organisms for food and their environment for shelter.
LS4.C		
	EE.HS.LS4-2	Explain how the traits of particular species that allow them to survive in their specific environments.
ESS1.B		
	EE.HS.ESS1-4	Use a model of Earth and the Sun to show how Earth's tilt and orbit around the sun cause changes in seasons.
ESS3.A		
	EE.HS.ESS3-2	Construct an argument for a strategy to conserve, recycle, or reuse resources.
ESS3.C		
	EE.HS.ESS3-3	Analyze data to determine the effects of a conservation strategy on the level of a natural resource.