

Mini-Map for ELA.EE.RL.6.4

Subject: ELA

Reading Literature

Grade: 6

Learning Outcome

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard
ELA.EE.RL.6.4 Determine how word choice changes the	ELA.RL.6.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as
meaning in a text.	they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative
	meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on
	meaning and tone.

Linkage Level Descriptions

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
The student can identify	The student can identify	The student can	Given a sentence from a	The student can use
an object by its	differences in meaning	determine multiple	narrative, the student	embedded textual
descriptor or provide a	when provided with	meanings of a word	can identify how the	strategies like
descriptor for the	opposite-meaning	relative to different	overall meaning of the	restatement, examples,
object.	words.	contexts in which that	story is influenced by	and cause/effect to
		word is used.	the author's choice of	determine the meaning
			words.	of a word in context
				and can also identify
				how word choice
				changes the meaning of
				the story.

Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target?

Determining how word choice changes the meaning of text requires students to learn many different words and the way they are used in different contexts. Students working at the Initial Precursor linkage level can work toward this by learning about words that describe things. Teachers can help students work on this through repeated shared reading of DLM Familiar Texts aligned with this linkage level. These texts include words that describe the settings, people, and events. Teachers can encourage students to identify the settings, people, and events that are associated with the describing words as they are encountered during each reading.

How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

Determining how word choice changes the meaning of text requires students to learn many different words and the way they are used in different contexts. One example is learning to recognize words that have opposite meanings. Teachers can help students learn to recognize these words through repeated shared readings of DLM Familiar Texts aligned with this linkage level. These texts intentionally include pairs of words that are opposites that students can learn to identify over time.

Instructional Resources

Linkage Level	DLM Familiar Texts			
Initial Precursor	<u>Jo's Stories</u>			
	A Pig Goes up the Mountain*			
	Anne and Diana*			
Distal Precursor	<u>Jo's Haircut*</u>			
	A Pig Goes Up and Down*			
	Anne and Diana*			
	The Concert			
	<u>Visiting Diana</u>			
Proximal Precursor	N/A			
Target	N/A			
Successor	N/A			
*Texts with an * contain material that some students may find sensitive. Sensitive texts are optional in the Instructionally				
Embedded assessment and not used in the Year-End assessment.				
For more comprehensive information, see <u>Familiar Text Information – Grade 6</u> .				
Released Testlets				
See the <u>Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets</u> .				
Using Supporting (SP) and Untested (UN) Nodes				
See the document Using Mini-Maps to Plan Instruction.				

Link to Text-Only Map

ELA.EE.RL.6.4 Determine how word choice changes the meaning in a text.



