

# Mini-Map for ELA.EE.RL.5.3

Subject: ELA

Reading Literature

Grade: 5

## **Learning Outcome**

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard
<b>ELA.EE.RL.5.3</b> Compare two characters in a familiar story.	<b>ELA.RL.5.3</b> Compare and contrast two or more characters,
	settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific
	details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).

## **Linkage Level Descriptions**

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
The student can	When reading a familiar	After reading a story,	When reading a familiar	When reading a familiar
demonstrate an	story, the student is	the student is able to	story, the student is	story, the student can
understanding of object	able to identify the	use details from the	able to identify	use details from the
names by correctly	main character(s) and	text to describe the	similarities between	text to identify
identifying an object or	setting of the story.	characters, settings, or	characters.	differences between
person.		major events in the		characters.
		story.		

### Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

#### How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target?

Comparing characters in familiar stories requires students to understand words that describe the characters, their actions, and other characteristics that make them the same. Students working at the Initial Precursor linkage level can work toward this by building their understanding of words that label objects. Teachers can support this through repeated shared reading of DLM Familiar Texts aligned with this Essential Element and linkage level. These texts feature mostly familiar settings (e.g., home, school, or neighborhood) and include the people and objects that are commonly associated with those settings. Teachers can gather the common objects and, during repeated shared reading, ask students to identify the objects when they are named in the text.

#### How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

Comparing characters in a story requires readers to first identify the characters. Students working at the Distral Precursor linkage level are not expected to compare characters, but they are expected to learn to identify the characters. This linkage level also requires students to identify the setting to help them learn the difference between these two important text features. Teachers can work on helping students identify the characters and settings in familiar texts through repeated shared reading of DLM Familiar Texts aligned with this Essential Element and linkage level. These texts feature mostly familiar settings (e.g., home, school, or neighborhood) and include characters who are people typically found in those settings (e.g., parents, teachers, friends).

### **Instructional Resources**

Linkage Level	DLM Familiar Texts			
Initial Precursor	Mary and Colin*			
	The Spring*			
	On the Mountain			
	Breakfast on the Mountain*			
	<u>Visiting Friends</u>			
Distal Precursor	<u>Visiting Clara</u>			
Proximal Precursor	N/A			
Target	Mary and Colin*			
	<u>Visiting Clara</u>			
Successor	Mary and Colin*			
	<u>Visiting Clara</u>			
*Texts with an * contain material that some students may find sensitive. Sensitive texts are optional in the Instructionally				
Embedded assessment and not used in the Year-End assessment.				
For more comprehensive information, see <u>Familiar Text Information – Grade 5</u> .				
Released Testlets				
See the <u>Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets</u> .				
Using Supporting (SP) and Untested (UN) Nodes				
See the document <u>Using Mini-Maps to Plan Instruction</u> .				

### **Link to Text-Only Map**

**ELA.EE.RL.5.3** Compare two characters in a familiar story.

