

Mini-Map for ELA.EE.RI.11-12.9

Subject: ELA

Reading Informational Text

Grade: 11-12

Learning Outcome

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard
ELA.EE.RI.11-12.9 Compare and contrast arguments made by	ELA.RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and
two different texts on the same topic.	nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical
	and literary significance (including The Declaration of
	Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of
	Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their
	themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Linkage Level Descriptions

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
During a shared reading	The student is able to	The student can identify	When reading two	After reading two
activity, the student can	see that the author	the relationships	different texts on the	different informational
recognize that another	presented certain	between multiple	same topic, the student	texts on the same topic,
person can have a	details in order to	concrete facts or	is able to identify the	the student can
perspective that is	support a claim made	details.	similarities and	compare and contrast
different.	by the text.		differences in the	the authors' purpose
			arguments and the	for writing the texts by
			supporting claims,	comparing how the
			reasons, and evidence	texts are similar and
			presented by the two	different.
			texts.	

Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target?

Comparing the arguments that appear in texts requires students to understand that they have thoughts, ideas, and opinions that are the same and different from others. In the context of shared reading, teachers can help students begin to identify their own thoughts or views using the DLM Familiar Texts and other texts that prominently feature opinions or preferences. For example, one of the DLM Familiar Texts is about school clubs. This text would provide teachers with an opportunity to help students understand the opinions of the author regarding how fun a club might be and identify their own preferences regarding such a club.

How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

Comparing and contrasting arguments requires students to be able to identify details used to support each side of the argument. In the context of shared reading or reading comprehension instruction, teachers can help students working at the distal level by providing them with the arguments that are presented in the text and asking students to listen or read to identify the details that go with each of the arguments.

Instructional Resources

Linkage Level	DLM Familiar Texts			
Initial Precursor	Musicians			
	<u>Exercise</u>			
Distal Precursor	N/A			
Proximal Precursor	N/A			
Target	N/A			
Successor	N/A			
For more comprehensive information, see <u>Familiar Text Information – Grades 11-12</u> .				
Released Testlets				
See the <u>Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets</u> .				
Using Supporting (SP) and Untested (UN) Nodes				
See the document <u>Using Mini-Maps to Plan Instruction</u> .				

Link to Text-Only Map

ELA.EE.RI.11-12.9 Compare and contrast arguments made by two different texts on the same topic.

