

# Mini-Map for ELA.EE.RI.11-12.3

Subject: ELA

Reading Informational Text

Grade: 11-12

### **Learning Outcome**

DLM Essential Element	Grade-Level Standard
<b>ELA.EE.RI.11-12.3</b> Determine how individuals, ideas, or events	<b>ELA.RI.11-12.3</b> Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of
change over the course of the text.	events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events
	interact and develop over the course of the text.

## **Linkage Level Descriptions**

Initial Precursor	Distal Precursor	Proximal Precursor	Target	Successor
The student can identify	The student can use	The student can identify	The student is able to	After reading an
actions that are	context clues to identify	temporal information	recognize that details	informational text, the
associated with	which of two events	or events using clues in	change across the	student is able to
routines that they are	comes first within the	the context (e.g., first,	course of the text,	describe how
familiar with (e.g.,	text.	next, then, last, night,	based on interactions	individuals, events, and
observed, participated		day) in an informational	among individuals,	ideas interact or relate
in).		text.	ideas, or events	to one another.
			depicted throughout an	
			informational text.	

### Initial Precursor and Distal Precursor Linkage Level Relationships to the Target

#### How is the Initial Precursor related to the Target?

As students work toward being able to determine how individuals, ideas, or events change over time, they must understand that these things are connected over time. This can begin by learning to identify the connections between actions and routines (or events). In the context of shared reading, teachers can use DLM Familiar Texts and other texts that feature familiar routines with actions that students can learn to associate with the routine, not by doing the routine, but by recognizing words and pictures that represent those actions during shared reading of the text.

#### How is the Distal Precursor related to the Target?

Reading a text to understand how individuals, ideas, or events change over time requires students to understand the order of events. They must understand what happened first and next or last to then determine how things changed. During shared reading or reading comprehension instruction, teachers can use books with a clear sequence of events, highlight two or more events prior to reading, and ask students to read or listen to determine the order of events.

## **Instructional Resources**

Linkage Level	DLM Familiar Texts		
Initial Precursor	<u>Friends Talk</u>		
	<u>Fun in Different Weather</u>		
	<u>Exercise</u>		
Distal Precursor	N/A		
Proximal Precursor	N/A		
Target	N/A		
Successor	N/A		
For more comprehensive information, see <u>Familiar Text Information – Grades 11-12</u> .			
Released Testlets			
See the <u>Guide to Practice Activities and Released Testlets</u> .			
Using Supporting (SP) and Untested (UN) Nodes			
See the document <u>Using Mini-Maps to Plan Instruction</u> .			

### **Link to Text-Only Map**

**ELA.EE.RI.11-12.3** Determine how individuals, ideas, or events change over the course of the text.

